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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/719,214	11/20/2003	Behnam Moradi	303.591US2	3196
21186 7.	590 03/29/2006		EXAM	INER
SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG, WOESSNER & KLUTH			GUHARAY, KARABI	
1600 TCF TOV	VER IGHT STREET		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MINNEAPOLI	IS, MN 55402		2879	
			DATE MAILED: 03/29/2000	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/719,214	MORADI ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Karabi Guharay	2879	
The MAILING DATE of this communication	tion appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	••
Period for Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL	ING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI	CATION.	YS,
<ul> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3' after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto</li> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>	eation. ry period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI by statute, cause the application to become Al	NTHS from the mailing date of this communic BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.
Status			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed of	on amendment, filed on 1/11/06.		
	☐ This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for		ters, prosecution as to the merit	ts is
closed in accordance with the practice	under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	). 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,11-24 and 26</u> is/are pendir	ng in the application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are v	- ''		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,11-24 and 26</u> is/are rejected	ed.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or election requirement.	·	
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the E.	xaminer.		
	accepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	correction is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	21(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152	2.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	• • •		
1. Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have been received.		
<ol><li>Certified copies of the priority doc</li></ol>	cuments have been received in A	pplication No	
<ol><li>Copies of the certified copies of the certified copies of the certified copies.</li></ol>	· ·	received in this National Stage	
application from the International	· · · ·		
* See the attached detailed Office action for	or a list of the certified copies not	received.	:
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
2)		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/11/06</u> .	6) Other:		

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Amendment, filed on 1/11/2006 has been considered and entered.

Claims 1, 7-8, 11-15, 18 & 26 have been amended.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 5-6,11-21, 23-24 & 26 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Doan et al. (US 5372973).

Regarding claims 1, 11-18, & 26, Doan et al. disclose a field emitter display device (see Fig 1), used for video image (computer monitor), array of field emission devices (lines 30-32 of column 1) comprising at least on emitter (13) comprising silicon (lines 10-14 of col. 3) having a coating embedded insubstantially the entirety of the surface of the at least one emitter (13, lines 34-40 of column 6) that releases electrons at a predetermined energy level, and a light emitting target comprising phosphor (phosphor layer of Fig 1) that radiates when the released electrons strike the light emitting target.

Doan et al. are silent regarding the limitations of "the coating acting in the presence of out-gassing to inhibit degradation of the at least one emitter, the out-gassing including organic matter".

However, the Examiner notes that the reference discloses each and every claimed structural limitation with the recited coating material. The functions of inhibiting

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degradation of the emitter in the presence of out-gassing are consequential of the properties of the coating material and "products of identical chemical composition can not have mutually exclusive properties. A chemical composition and its properties are inseparable." See MPEP 21 12.01. Accordingly, these functional limitations are inherently possessed by the coating material of Doan et al.

The Examiner further notes that etching and patterning an emitter layer form the emitters comprising silicon. As is well known in the manufacture of emitters, an etching process leaves a roughened surface with micro-pores formed at the etched surface. Hence, the coating deposited over the emitter is formed at said roughened surface and micro-pores. That is, the coating is embedded in the surface of the emitter.

Claims 2-3 are rejected over the reasons in claim 1.

Regarding claims 5-6, Doan et al. disclose that the coating material is a silicide compound (barium, chromium silicide) and also disclose that the coating material is a metal nitride (Cesium, rubidium, tantalum nitride, lines 34-40 of column 6).

Referring to claims 19-21, the claims are rejected over the reasons stated in the rejection of claim 18.

Regarding claims 23-24, Doan et al. disclose that the video display being a flat panel display (Col 1, lines 27-32).

Claims 1, 4 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Koga et al. (US 5,925,891).

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The Control Hamber: 10/110,2

In regards to claim 1, Koga discloses a field emitter display device (see at least Figs.

I(a) and 5(a)), comprising, at least one emitter 17 comprising silicon having a coating

20 (23) comprising TiN (see at least Col. 10, lines 55-61) embedded in substantially the

entirety of the surface of the at least one emitter that releases electrons at a

predetermined energy level. Koga is silent regarding the limitations of "the coating

acting in the presence of out-gassing to inhibit degradation of the at least one emitter,

the out-gassing including organic matter".

inseparable". See MPEP 2112.01.

However, the examiner notes that the reference discloses each and every claimed structural limitation with the recited coating material. The functions of inhibiting degradation of the emitter in the presence of out-gassing are consequential of the properties of the coating material and "products of identical chemical composition can not have mutually exclusive properties. A chemical composition and its properties are

The Examiner further notes that etching and patterning an emitter layer form the emitters comprising silicon. As is well known in the manufacture of emitters, an etching process leaves a roughened surface with micro-pores formed at the etched surface. Hence, the coating deposited over the emitter is formed at said roughened surface and micro-pores. That is, the coating is embedded in the surface of the emitter.

In regards to claims 4 & 6, Koga discloses that the coating material is TiN (see at least Col. 10, lines 55-61).

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 4, 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Doan et al. (US 5372973) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Takemura (US 5666020).

Regarding claims 4 & 7-8, Doan et al. disclose all the limitations of claims 7-8 (see rejection of claim 1), including silicide compound such as barium, chromium silicide, instead of claimed platinum silicide, or titanium silicide.

However, Takemura teaches that platinum or titanium silicide is suitable materials for coating polysilicon emitter tips for reducing the work function of the emitter.

Thus it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art the time the invention was made to use platinum or titanium silicide as the coating material in the device of Doan et al., since those are suitable material for lowering the work function of the emitter.

Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Doan et al. (US 5372973) as applied to claim 18 above, and further in view of Hush (US 5663742).

Doan et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the limitation of the video display being used as a camcorder viewfinder. However, in the same field of endeavor,

Hush discloses being used as a camcorder viewfinder. However, in the same field of endeavor, Hush discloses the suitability of field emitter devices as camcorder viewfinders (see Col. 1, lines 14-16). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the FED of Forbes in a camcorder viewfinder, since Hush discloses the suitability of said displays for camcorders.

### Response to Arguments

Arguments are considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to arguments regarding rejection of claims with prior art of Koga, applicant argued that coating of Koga is not embedded, since coatings are not patterned.

However, examiner wants to points out that Koga discloses that coating material of ultra-fine particulates are deposited on the surface of cathode by sputtering, and the emitter tip is formed by etching process which leaves micro-pores on the surface thus while depositing ultra-fine particulates of coating materials are embedded in the pores of the surface.

Further arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection, necessitated by the present amendment.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

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§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

### **Contact Information**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Karabi Guharay whose telephone number is (571) 272-2452. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nimeshkumar D. Patel can be reached on (571) 272-2457. The fax phone number for the organization is (571) 273-8300

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Karabi Buharay Karabi Guharay Primary Examiner Art Unit 2879